In September 2015, 193 countries agreed to adopt a set of 17 Sustainable Development Goals to end poverty, protect the planet and ensure prosperity for all. Officially known as Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the plan is spearheaded by the United Nations and builds on the Millennium Development Goals established in 2000.

The new Global Goals are unique in that they call for action by all countries — poor, rich and middle-income — to promote prosperity while protecting the planet. They recognize that ending poverty must go hand-in-hand with strategies that build economic growth and address a range of social needs — including education, health, social protection and job opportunities — while tackling climate change and environmental protection.

Arizona State University and the Julie Ann Wrigley Global Institute of Sustainability are working to advance all 17 goals all over the globe.
Map represents only a selection of sustainability research at ASU.